

Question for written answer E-003203/2025
to the Commission
Rule 144
Leire Pajín (S&D)

Subject: Monitoring the implementation of climate measures put forward by the Commission amidst the rise in reported deaths attributable to high temperatures

In July 2025, Spain recorded 101 deaths attributable to high temperatures, an increase from the 67 deaths recorded in July 2024. According to health sources, heat-related deaths in some Mediterranean provinces such as Alicante have quadrupled.

In light of the growing impact of climate change, the Commission published an assessment of climate risks in March 2024 and noted that heat stress was the biggest and most urgent climate risk to public health, with the institution pledging to adopt stronger measures to protect its citizens.

One year later, could the Commission please answer the following:

1. What actions have been implemented to strengthen the European Climate and Health Observatory in order to improve education, monitoring and warning systems to tackle climate risks?
2. How have the various monitoring and alert systems (Copernicus, Galileo, EGNOS and Meteosat) been integrated to ensure that climate threats are managed more effectively and with more coordination?
3. Have good practices been identified in relation to the coordination and sharing of responsibilities with Member States that allow for better governance in the face of climate-related health risks?

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