

**Question for written answer E-003867/2025
to the Commission**
Rule 144
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Subject: Tackling territorial supply constraints in the EU single market

Territorial supply constraints remain one of the most significant obstacles within the EU single market. These practices, frequently imposed by certain manufacturers, restrict the sale or resale of products – particularly in the agri-food sector – across national borders. As a result, retailers and consumers face higher prices, reduced choice and a fragmented market that runs counter to the very principles of the EU's single market.

Such artificial barriers undermine fair competition and weaken the benefits of market integration. They also disproportionately affect smaller operators and consumers in less accessible regions, exacerbating inequalities and limiting the full potential of cross-border trade. Despite the importance of this issue, progress in eliminating territorial supply constraints has been slow, leaving a key structural problem unresolved.

Ensuring the free movement of goods is one of the EU's founding principles and addressing restrictions that deliberately fragment the market is essential to preserving both competitiveness and consumer trust.

In the light of this, what measures will the Commission take to effectively address territorial supply constraints and guarantee that the single market operates without artificial barriers?

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