Question for written answer E-001609/2026
to the Commission
Rule 144
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Subject: Rising fertiliser prices: what are the risks for our EU farmers?

For several months, EU farmers have been facing a significant and continuous increase in the price of fertilisers, particularly nitrogen fertilisers, which are heavily dependent on the price of gas and on raw material imports.

The war in Ukraine, as well as tensions and conflicts in the Middle East, which directly affect global energy and agricultural input markets, are exacerbating this situation.

At the same time, the guidelines adopted by the European Union impose more and more constraints without guaranteeing economically viable alternatives.

This accumulation of factors directly jeopardises the profitability of farms, the stability of agricultural production and, ultimately, the EU's ability to produce its own food.

In a context where EU farmers are paying the price for both geopolitical tensions and EU policy decisions:

1. Does the Commission have impact assessments on the cumulative effects of those factors?

2. Does it intend to take immediate and targeted action to protect EU farmers in the face of rising fertiliser prices?

3. How does it intend to boost fertiliser production in the EU?

Supporter[1]

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