

**Question for written answer E-003213/2026
to the Commission**
Rule 144
Nikolaos Anadiotis (NI)

Subject: Recovery and Resilience Facility: assessing the effectiveness of funded forest fire prevention measures in Greece

This year, Greece is once again battling widespread forest fires¹, with serious environmental, social and economic repercussions and a heavy toll that includes the loss of life of people fighting the flames. Since 2022, the Recovery and Resilience Facility² has been used to finance forest fire prevention measures, including the AntiNERO³ programme, in order to manage flammable forest material, establish and maintain firebreaks and improve the forest road network. EU funding is governed by the principle of sound financial management (Article 317 TFEU and Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2024/2509) and the Recovery and Resilience Facility is rooted in the achievement of concrete results.

With this in mind, can the Commission say:

1. Does it assess whether the funded preventive actions are achieving/have achieved the objective of reducing the risk and spread of forest fires in Greece?
2. Does it intend to assess, in cooperation with the Greek authorities, the implementation and effectiveness of the funded projects, the absorption of funds and their compliance with EU law?
3. Has it envisaged, in the next multiannual financial framework, the establishment of mandatory effectiveness indicators for the financing of forest fire prevention projects?

Submitted: 6.8.2026

¹ <https://fotiestora.gr/>.

² https://reforms-investments.ec.europa.eu/recovery-and-resilience-facility-1/country-pages/greeces-recovery-and-resilience-plan_en.

³ https://reforms-investments.ec.europa.eu/projects/national-reforestation-plan-restoration-and-prevention-antinero-antierosion-and-flood-protection_en.