Question for written answer E-003691/2026
to the Commission
Rule 144
Jean-Paul Garraud (PfE)

Subject: Massive data thefts: why is France still delaying transposing of the NIS2 Directive?

Since 2024, France has experienced a succession of massive data breaches: 33 million people affected at Viamedis and Almerys, up to 43 million at France Travail, 24 million contracts at Free, 1.2 million bank accounts in the National Register of Bank and Similar Accounts, and recently 678 000 individuals and professionals affected by a breach of the system of the Directorate-General for Public Finance (DGFiP).

On 10 November 2022, Members of the Rassemblement National voted in favour of the NIS2 Directive, arguing that the increase in the number and sophistication of cyber-attacks called for appropriate responses and better protection for public and private organisations.

This Directive imposes enhanced risk management measures on central and regional administrations. However, France has still not transposed it. On 8 July 2026, the Commission referred the matter to the Court of Justice of the European Union.

Can the Commission clarify:

1. what stage has been reached in this procedure and what penalties is France facing?

2. whether the DGFiP and France Travail should be deemed essential entities subject to NIS2?

3. whether these repeated violations reveal a structural deficiency in French cybersecurity and what measures could address it?

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