

**Question for written answer E-004149/2026
to the Commission**
Rule 144
Stanisław Tyszka (ESN)

Subject: The EU Agency for Fundamental Rights and its selective approach to fundamental rights

While the EU Agency for Fundamental Rights (FRA) examines whether the rights of migrants are being upheld, it has no plans to investigate how legal and illegal immigration affect the rights of EU citizens. In its 2026-2028 programming document, the FRA outlines activities focusing on long-term residents, mobile workers, stateless persons and EU citizens ‘with migrant backgrounds’. On the other hand, it overlooks the impact of mass migration on the general EU population’s access to housing, healthcare and education, as well as on their security. Where migration is perceived as a threat, this is framed primarily as a driver of stigmatisation and discrimination against migrants.

The Commission issues opinions on the FRA’s programming documents, sits on the agency’s management board and regularly tasks it with large-scale quantitative research under Article 4(1)(c) of Council Regulation (EC) No 168/2007.

1. In the context of migration, why does the FRA take a selective approach to fundamental rights, examining how they are upheld exclusively in relation to migrants while overlooking the fundamental rights of EU citizens who are bearing the consequences of mass migration?
2. Through its formal opinion, or via its representatives on the FRA’s management board, has the Commission called for an investigation into the impact of mass migration on the fundamental rights of the general public in the EU, and if not, why not?
3. Will the Commission instruct the FRA to look into how mass migration affects the fundamental rights of EU citizens, particularly regarding their security and access to housing, healthcare and education?

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