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Answer given by Ms Kos
on behalf of the European Commission
(24.3.2025)

The EU is supporting Ukraine's alignment with the EU framework for a common level of cybersecurity enshrined in the Network and Information Security (NIS 2) Directive¹, which boosts the resilience of highly critical infrastructure such as telecom. Ukraine is working on the transposition of the NIS 2 Directive into its national law as it implements the Ukraine Plan – a vision for the recovery, reconstruction and modernisation of the country linked with Ukraine's accession path to the EU. The Ukraine Plan includes reforms that Ukraine has to deliver to receive the support from the Ukraine Facility². As one of the steps related to the implementation of the reforms, Ukraine must adopt new cybersecurity legislation by the first quarter of 2025.

Through the Ukraine Facility, the Commission is also facilitating investment in Ukraine's telecom infrastructure. This has recently enabled an investment to modernise, expand, and improve the quality of the telecom service in Ukraine, while incorporating effective cybersecurity measures from the EU 5G Toolbox.

Ukraine's plans to launch the 5G networks have been challenged by the ongoing Russian full-scale war of aggression against Ukraine. The Commission continues to engage with Ukraine on the harmonisation of spectrum policy and the creation of cross-border 5G corridors with the EU.

As Ukraine progresses further on the EU accession track, the Commission will ensure that Ukraine implements the EU procurement acquis and the measures of the EU 5G Cybersecurity Toolbox, the latter being a prerequisite for building a resilient and secure connectivity infrastructure in Ukraine.

¹ OJ L 333 of 27.12.2022, pp. 80-152.

² OJ L, 2024/792, 29.2.2024.