

(English version)

**Question for written answer E-004161/25
to the Commission
Jacek Ozdoba (ECR)
(22 October 2025)**

Subject: Climate-neutrality plans

1. What is the total amount of emission reductions in the proposals submitted in each EU Member State?
2. What investments are needed to implement climate-neutrality plans (CNPs) in individual EU Member States?
3. What kind of savings can facilities expect from the implementation of CNPs?

Submitted: 22.10.2025

**Answer given by Mr Hoekstra on behalf of the European Commission
(11 December 2025)**

The regulation on Governance of the Energy Union and Climate Action (GR) ⁽¹⁾ required Member States (MS) to prepare their long-term strategies (LTS) with a perspective of at least 30 years ⁽²⁾ by 1 January 2020. Updated strategies are to be submitted by 1 January 2029 and every 10 years thereafter.

In 2019, under the GR, Member States also submitted their final integrated national energy and climate plans (NECPs) for the period 2021-2030. The plans were then updated in 2024.

By October 2025, all the MS, except Poland, had submitted their national LTS, which can be found on a dedicated website together with summary tables for each MS ⁽³⁾.

The latest Commission's assessment of the national LTS can be found in Chapter 11 of the Staff Working Document accompanying the Climate Action Progress Report 2024, including an overview of the strategies (Table 11.2) ⁽⁴⁾.

A rough estimate based on LTS points to a reduction in greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions ⁽⁵⁾ of around 86% by 2050 for the EU: this means that roughly 630 million tonnes of CO₂ equivalent would still need to be cut or absorbed to achieve climate neutrality by 2050.

The summary tables for each MS include the total amount of emission reductions, the investments, and the expected energy savings, when available.

The Commission published its latest assessment of the updated NECPs ⁽⁶⁾ in May 2025. The aggregation of the projections submitted by MS shows that the EU is on track towards meeting the EU 2030 climate goals. GHG emissions are expected to decline by 54% by 2030 compared to 1990.

On investments, MS provided only partial information. Hence, it is not possible to provide an aggregate figure for the EU.

The information included in the NECPs is not sufficient to provide an estimate of the overall expected savings by 2030.

⁽¹⁾ Regulation (EU) 2018/1999.

⁽²⁾ Ibid, Article 15.

⁽³⁾ https://commission.europa.eu/energy-climate-change-environment/implementation-eu-countries/energy-and-climate-governance-and-reporting/national-long-term-strategies_en.

⁽⁴⁾ SWD(2024) 249 final.

⁽⁵⁾ Excluding Land Use Land Use Change And Forestry (LULUCF).

⁽⁶⁾ COM(2025) 274 final.