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Answer given by High Representative/Vice-President Kallas
on behalf of the European Commission
(29.7.2026)

At the Foreign Affairs Councils in May, June and July 2026, the High Representative/Vice-President has called for a resolution of the blockage of EUR 6.6 billion dedicated to Ukraine under the European Peace Facility (EPF). All twenty-seven Member States now agree on lifting the blockage. The EU military support for Ukraine continues to flow through bilateral donations, through tailored and demand-driven support funded by the windfall profits of immobilised Russian assets channelled through the EPF, and through the unprecedented EUR 90 billion Ukraine Support Loan agreed in December 2025, two thirds of which is expected to go towards military support.

The Ukraine Support Loan Regulation¹ was adopted on 24 February 2026, together with an amendment to the Ukraine Facility Regulation². The final piece of the package (an amendment to the Multiannual Financial Framework Regulation³ was adopted later, on 23 April 2026, with unanimity. The liquidity situation of Ukraine was not at risk due to this delay.

Implementation of the Ukraine Support Loan is under way. The first disbursement of budget support was channelled through macrofinancial assistance at the end of June 2026 in parallel with the first disbursement to support Ukraine's defence industrial capacities. The Ukraine Support Instrument under the European Defence Industry Programme⁴ will help rebuild and modernise Ukraine's Defence Technological and Industrial Base. Ukraine's association to the European Defence Fund will support its integration into the European Defence Technological and Industrial Base, while the BraveTechEU initiative will accelerate defence innovation to meet real operational needs and strengthen links between DefenceTech industrial bases.

¹ Regulation (EU) 2026/467.

² Regulation (EU) 2024/792.

³ Regulation (EU) 2026/469.

⁴ Regulation (EU) 2025/2643.