

(English version)

**Priority question for written answer P-000979/26
to the Commission
Andreas Schwab (PPE)
(10 March 2026)**

Subject: Lack of key performance indicators on labour mobility in the Single Market Report

The 2026 Annual Single Market Report identifies 11 key performance indicators (KPIs) to measure the functioning of the market. While most of the 10 worst barriers identified in the Single Market Strategy (the ‘Terrible Ten’) are covered and mapped by specific KPIs, labour mobility/posting has not been taken into account. The omission is inconsistent with the Single Market Strategy, which explicitly identifies labour mobility as one of the key challenges. While the KPI is only planned for 2027, the Fair Labour Mobility Package is expected to be adopted in September 2026.

1. Given the strategic importance of labour mobility, why was a corresponding KPI not included in the latest report?
2. What quantitative data is the Commission using to assess cross-border mobility while the official KPI is still under development?
3. How will the Commission ensure that the Fair Labour Mobility Package announced for 2026 is based on a sound, qualified analysis of the issue if the relevant metrics will not be finalised until a year later?

Supporter ⁽¹⁾

Submitted: 10.3.2026

**Answer given by Executive Vice-President Mînzatu on behalf of the European Commission
(13 April 2026)**

The Commission agrees on the strategic importance of labour mobility and posting of workers in the Single Market. Labour mobility is regularly monitored by the annual report on Intra-EU labour mobility ⁽¹⁾ as well as Eurobarometer surveys ⁽²⁾ and the reporting on social security coordination ⁽³⁾.

The difficulties created by cumbersome procedures for the posting of workers have been identified among the ten most harmful barriers in the Single Market Strategy ⁽⁴⁾ (Terrible Ten).

As announced in the 2026 Annual Single Market and Competitiveness Report ⁽⁵⁾, the Commission services, together with the European Labour Authority, are working to develop a key performance indicator for the 2027 edition of this report related to the posting of workers.

As announced in the Commission work programme for 2026 ⁽⁶⁾, the Fair Labour Mobility Package is intended to contain a proposal for a European Social Security Pass, a proposal to strengthen the European Labour Authority, which would also address better enforcement of posting rules, and a Skills Portability Initiative.

The initiatives would be prepared by making use of the above-mentioned reports, extensive consultations and impact assessments, thus constituting an evidence-based set of actions facilitating free movement of workers, labour mobility and posting of workers.

¹ This question is supported by a Member other than the author: Dennis Radtke (PPE).

⁽¹⁾ <https://data.europa.eu/doi/10.2767/0650998>, <https://data.europa.eu/doi/10.2767/2077850>.

⁽²⁾ For example, Special Eurobarometer 528: European citizens’ attitudes towards labour mobility, <https://europa.eu/eurobarometer/surveys/detail/2671>.

⁽³⁾ https://employment-social-affairs.ec.europa.eu/policies-and-activities/moving-working-europe/facts-and-figures-intra-eu-labour-mobility-and-eu-social-security-coordination_en.

⁽⁴⁾ https://ec.europa.eu/commission/presscorner/detail/en/ip_25_1274.

⁽⁵⁾ https://single-market-economy.ec.europa.eu/publications/2026-annual-single-market-and-competitiveness-report_en.

⁽⁶⁾ https://commission.europa.eu/publications/2026-commission-work-programme-and-annexes_en.